

THE EVENING BULLETIN.

VOLUME XIII.

MAYSVILLE, KY., MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 10, 1894.

NUMBER 247.

WAR IN THE ORIENT

Some Advices Brought by the Steamer Sikhs.

WAR NEWS HARD TO OBTAIN.

The Commander of the Japanese Warship Nanalwa Kan Gives His Reasons For Firing on the Kow Shing—Reparation For That Act Already Made—All Manner of Outrages Committed.

VICTORIA, B. C., Sept. 10.—The Northern Pacific liner Sikhs, from Yokohama, brings interesting advices of the war in the Orient. The reason given by the commander of the Japanese warship Nanalwa Kan, when asked why he fired upon the Kow Shing, seeing she was flying the British flag, is now given for the first time, and is certainly pertinent. "Because she was sailing under false colors; was carrying Chinese troops and had been sold to the Chinese government and fully paid for."

Notwithstanding this explanation, the same paper which gives it publicly announces the sum of \$750,000 has been agreed to by the Japanese government as reparation for the sinking of Captain Galworth's vessel and compensation to those dependent upon the Europeans lost there.

Both China and Japan are at present keenly alert for articles contraband of war, and to this the delay in the arrival of the Sikhs is attributable. The government has declined to consider rice as contraband of war, but both belligerents claim it to be such and use every endeavor to intercept rice carrying vessels. The Sikhs was delayed at Shanghai by a Chinese gunboat, which made an effort to gain possession of the rice portion of her cargo. The British consul objected and the merchantman was allowed to proceed.

It is almost impossible to get reliable war news anywhere in the east, even at Shanghai. This trip the steamer passed very close to the Foo-Chow forts and saw the Chinese garrison drawn up in line. They were all attired in flowing silk gowns of gaudy color and had high, three-cornered silk hats, and made a curious spectacle. These forts are in charge of an Englishman, the son of a naval officer, and are said to be exceedingly strong. One of their 80-ton guns burst some time ago, killing several men. It is generally understood this occurred through ignorance in handling it.

China is now hurrying an army of hundreds of thousands of men through northern China to Corea, but as they are subsisting on the products of the country through which they are passing and most of it is mountainous it is hard to say with what success they will meet.

Most of the men enlisted and drafted into the China army are coolies of the low order. The Chinese have been offering great inducements to Europeans and Americans to enter their service and have secured many. On the other hand, the Japanese have no outsiders in any branch of the service.

On the way over on the last trip to the Orient, the Sikhs passed through a fleet of 20 Japanese ships. They were divided into four divisions with five ships in each division. They were well handled.

At the smaller Chinese ports all manner of outrages have been committed on the part of the Japanese, and in some places Portuguese have been robbed. At Tien-Tsin the child of the Japanese consul was abducted, and when he took his leave to return to his country, his legs and arms were tied and he was carried to the wharf with a bamboo stick through his arms.

DIRECT FROM SHANGHAI.

Chinese Troops in Northern Corea Killing Their Ponies For Food.

SHANGHAI, Sept. 10.—It is reported that the Chinese forces are cornered in northern Corea without supplies and are killing their cavalry ponies for food.

All the foreign employees in the Japanese dockyards have been dismissed. This was done in order that the extent of the injuries to the warships of the Japanese navy should not become known.

The steel cruiser Yuyayama Kan has been docked at Nagasaki to undergo repairs of damage she has received. The dock is closely guarded and no particulars in regard to her injuries are obtainable from the native papers.

The Japanese force north of Seoul are suffering from the effects of the rain.

Much sickness is also reported to prevail in the Chinese camp.

It is rumored that 38,000 Chinese troops are encamped on the north bank of the river Imjin waiting for favorable weather to attack the Japanese position a few miles south of the Imjin.

It is reported on good local authority that the mikado of Japan, accompanied by the ministers of war and marine and his general staff, is proceeding to Hiroshima, a point where the troops of Japan gather to embark.

LONDON TIMES' DISPATCHES FROM SHANGHAI.

LONDON, Sept. 10.—The correspondent of The Times at Shanghai telegraphs as follows:

An extraordinary mission has arrived at Tien-Tsin, conveying birthday presents from the King of Corea to the Empress Dowager of China. The mission will proceed to Pekin.

A collision between Chinese and Japanese forces occurred near Ping-Yan on Sept. 7. The result is not known.

The growing crops have reached such a height as to make military operations almost impossible.

A dispatch from Tien-Tsin says that the British minister has signed a convention with the viceroy providing for the connection of the Chinese telegraph lines with those of Burmah and other parts of India.

The United States warship Monocacy has arrived at Tien-Tsin.

The war news which has been received at Tien-Tsin thus far is considered worthless.

WHAT A PARIS PAPER SAYS.

PARIS, Sept. 10.—The *Republique Francaise* says it regards the reports that it is the intention of the Japanese to attack Shanghai as proof that Great Britain is seeking a pretext to intervene in the war between China and Japan. But this, the paper adds, the United States, France and Russia will not permit.

CLOUDBURST IN PENNSYLVANIA.

Unprecedented Amount of Rainfall in the Vicinity of Bethlehem.

BETHLEHEM, Pa., Sept. 10.—An area of one square mile suffered from Saturday night's cloudburst. The flood reached the second story of the houses on Goeppe street, Spruce street, Old Bethlehem and Second street in South Bethlehem. The damage to private property is estimated at \$30,000 and to sewers and highways \$10,000. That no lives were lost is a miracle.

The people in the flooded districts are very poor and are suffering for want of assistance.

During the storm lightning struck the residence of President Wilbur of the Lehigh Valley, the municipal building and Troxwell's furniture store, doing little damage, however. Hailstones as large as walnuts fell.

The funeral cortege of the late Mrs. William Shiner was caught in the storm returning from the cemetery. The horses took fright at the pelting hail and ran away. Mrs. Jacob T. Shiner of West Bethlehem had her arm fractured, and Mrs. Curtis, who was picked up unconscious, is in a precarious condition.

DAMAGE DONE BY LIGHTNING.

CHESTER, Pa., Sept. 10.—The box factory of John Hamilton was struck by lightning early Sunday morning, and was damaged to the extent of \$1,000 by fire and water. The worsted mill of Dailey & Messick was struck and a great hole knocked through the roof. The lightning also crippled the telephone service, 125 phones being burned out and 298 electric light wires were also damaged. Travel on the electric railway was stopped for more than an hour.

PROLONGED DROUGHT BROKEN.

WILLIAMSPORT, Pa., Sept. 10.—The prolonged drought that burned and parched vegetation and was the cause of great apprehension of sweeping forest fires here, was broken by a rain which began early Sunday morning and continued during the day and night at intervals.

SEARCHING THE RUINS.

People Risk Their Lives Looking For Hidden Money.

COLUMBIA, Pa., Sept. 10.—During Saturday's storm the house of Jacob Garber, in Rapho township, was struck by lightning and burned to the ground. Mrs. Garber, who is insane, had for years been accumulating money without her husband's knowledge.

Her savings in notes, gold and silver were hidden in every available nook, and this fact becoming known, a number of young men began a search for the treasure. They found about \$400 and were still at work when the gable wall, two and a half stories high, fell. John L. Eisenberger and Ernest Houghtenberger were buried in the ruins. Eisenberger was instantly killed, but his companion escaped with a few bruises. Although the remaining wall is unsafe, the cellar is filled with an army of searchers.

ALL DONE WITH GASOLINE.

A Little Girl Burned to Death, a Little Boy Fatally Burned.

DECATUR, Ills., Sept. 10.—A shocking accident occurred last night at the home of John W. Wilkins. While preparing supper Mrs. Wilkins placed gasoline in a pitcher to put in the tank. One of her daughters, thinking the pitcher contained water, poured the gasoline into the coffee pot to make coffee and put the pot on the stove, leaving some gasoline in the pitcher. Instantly both vessels were in a blaze.

The pitcher was thrown into the yard and the blazing vessel ignited the clothing of Pearl Wilkins and her little brother, who were in a swing. The girl was so badly burned that she died shortly afterwards. The boy was probably fatally scorched, and Mrs. Wilkins, Miss McCune and Mary Volk, who tried to strip the frenzied girl of her clothing, were seriously burned on the hands, arms and face.

HAILED WITH DELIGHT.

Northwestern Iowa, Northern Illinois and Indiana Visited by Rain.

CHICAGO, Sept. 10.—A severe electric storm, accompanied by high winds, passed over northwestern Iowa, northern Illinois and Indiana yesterday evening, accompanied by heavy thunder and lightning and torrents of rain and hail.

Marshalltown, Clinton and Davenport, Ia., report considerable damage, numerous buildings and trees being struck by lightning and telegraph and telephone poles prostrated.

Similar reports come from Rochelle, Spring Valley, Bloomington, Galesburg, Elgin and other Illinois towns and from Columbia City, Fort Wayne and South Bend, Ind.

In this city numerous streets were flooded through the choking of sewers and numerous shade trees, and small outbuildings were blown down.

FANNED INTO FLAMES

Forest Fires Again Break Out in Wisconsin.

NO SERIOUS LOSS SUSTAINED.

A Change of Wind Followed by a Calm Saves Several Towns From Destruction.

State of Affairs in the Burned Districts.

The Fire Sufferers Being Properly Cared For.

DULUTH, Sept. 10.—Forest fires were renewed again yesterday in this region by a heavy southwest gale which steadily increased in force. The bright sun was shut out and the horizon again took on the sickly yellow coat of the fatal Saturday a week ago. There was great excitement here and everyone rushed to the telegraph and train dispatchers' offices.

The sensation was intensified by the breaking out of forest fires in the city limits. Fire crept around in the undergrowth at Onatah and caused some apprehension, for this is in the vicinity of the Mesaba ore dock. Then an alarm came in from Duluth Heights, a suburb at the top of the hill, which is surrounded by timber. The fire department sent up a detachment which, a little later, sent for a fire engine.

Then excitement was at fever pitch for news had been coming in of the sidetracking of a St. Paul and Duluth passenger train because of fires on all sides of them, and Mora, on the Eastern Minnesota road, was reported on the fire.

At Kerwick the inhabitants put in the afternoon fighting the fire, but thought in the evening the danger was over.

Bairn, too, had a narrow escape all the afternoon.

At Kimberly, on the Northern Pacific, only a large gang of railway laborers saved the town.

There was a state of terror among the refugees at Pine City, when the St. Paul and Duluth limited passed through, for it was feared another cyclone of fire was at hand.

At 8 o'clock the wind shifted from southwest to northwest, thus driving back the flames, and at 11 o'clock had almost entirely died away. No danger is now feared unless the gale springs up again.

MORA SAVED.

The Wind Gone Down and the Danger Is Believed to Be Passed.

ST. PAUL, Sept. 10.—A gale of wind was blowing in the neighborhood of Mora and Milaca, on the Eastern Minnesota yesterday afternoon, and the smoldering forest fires were quickly fanned into a furious blaze, which, for a time, threatened Mora and Groundhouse, the latter place being particularly in danger. The wind, however, has since gone down, and for the present, at least, the danger is believed to be over.

A train crew is being held at Groundhouse to help in fighting the fires should they break out again, and to take the people to a place of safety if the fires get beyond control. During the afternoon the fires were raging on all sides of Groundhouse, except to the south, having come within half a mile of the town. The population is between 200 and 300, and all were out fighting the fires during the afternoon.

The sawmill and lumberyard at Soules, which is south of Milaca, were destroyed, notwithstanding the desperate efforts of the fire fighters, and the loss will be heavy.

The last report from Mora, in this city, was that the town was in no immediate danger, and a report from St. Cloud states that trains went through the fire territory between Groundhouse and Mora safely.

CARING FOR THE SUFFERERS.

A Slight Difference Between the Relief Committee and Governor Peck.

WEST SUPERIOR, Wis., Sept. 10.—Major Woodward and R. L. Belknap returned from New York yesterday, and in the afternoon a meeting of the relief committee for fire sufferers was held.

One of the chief features of the meeting was the discussion of Governor Peck's manifesto to the effect that no outside help is required for fire sufferers so far as Wisconsin is concerned.

The general relief committee of this city, which is acting without state lines, criticised the action of the governor at their meeting yesterday and the opinion was expressed that he had acted without proper investigation into the requirements of the fire sufferers. Major Woodward's action in calling for help outside the state was unanimously approved and the various newspapers and others whom he had seen in the east were notified to that effect by telegraph.

Major Woodward last night telegraphed Governor Peck asking him if he had investigated the needs of the fire sufferers in this vicinity, and if so what steps were being taken.

Seventeen hungry and exhausted fire sufferers reached this city yesterday and were cared for. The cash contributions of the relief fund by Superior citizens is now more than \$4,000.

IN THE BURNED DISTRICT.

How the Sabbath Was Passed at Hinckley and vicinity.

TROOPS SENT TO PREVENT BLOODSHED.

ST. PAUL, Sept. 10.—A Hinckley (Minn.) special to The Pioneer Press says: Yesterday was a quiet and gloomy Sabbath. The searchers after the bodies of the victims of the great forest fires rested, but resumed their work this morning.

Coroner Cowan and party went to Sandstone yesterday where they buried 80 bodies. There were no religious services.

fees here, no clergymen being present, and a number of the people went to Pine City to attend the memorial services in that city.

Five bodies were found Saturday night in a cellar on a hill just north of the Kettle river, and were buried where found. It is believed here that the death list in Pine county will exceed 500, as something like 100 are still unaccounted for according to Coroner Cowan's official statement.

FOULLY MURDERED.

AN OLD HERMIT BURNED TO DEATH AND HIS PREMISES ROBBED.

DETROIT, Sept. 10.—Charles V. Chauvin, 70 years of age, and wealthy and prominent citizen of Grosse Pointe township, was found foully murdered in his home on the Grosse Pointe road northeast of the city, late Sunday afternoon. The murderers have not been caught, but officers claim to be close upon their trail. Chauvin lived as a hermit in an isolated place.

Joseph Groesbeck, a cousin of the deceased, called at his house late in the afternoon and discovered Chauvin's dead body on the floor. One of his head were three terrible wounds, evidently inflicted by an ax. The murderers had ransacked the house, but probably found nothing of much value, as Chauvin kept little money with him. Persons in the vicinity claim to have seen two men go to Chauvin's cabin in the morning, and afterward start from there toward the city. The officers over they expect to catch the murderers within 48 hours.

Chauvin had lived as a hermit for 18 years. He was once a member of the Michigan legislature, had held various local places of trust, was an intelligent student and is estimated to have been worth upwards of \$200,000. Three other attempts at robbing and killing him had been made, but it was quite well known of late that he kept nothing of value on his premises.

RUMORS OF LYNCHING.

A BRUTE IN HUMAN FORM LOCKED UP AT FINDLAY, O.

FINDLAY, Sept. 10.—John C. West Saturday night drove to the farm residence of F. G. Clymer, near Benton Ridge, and inquired for Linnie Martin, a 15-year-old girl in the employ of Mr. Clymer, stating that her father, who lives at Bluffton, had been stabbed and was dying and that he had sent for his daughter. The girl, half frightened to death, got into the buggy. West drove about two miles and then assaulted her. The girl is a cripple and while attempting to defend herself, was roughly beaten and otherwise injured by the brute.

After he had accomplished his purpose West attempted to drive on, but the buggy ran into a ditch and was overturned. The girl escaped and ran into an adjacent farmhouse. She told the story of her assault, and by daylight the farmer had organized a posse and gone on the trail of West. He was found at 1 o'clock yesterday afternoon about six miles from the scene of the assault. He was taken into custody and brought before his victim, who identified him as her assailant. West was then brought to this city and lodged in jail. Rumors of lynching are talked of, but no violence is anticipated.

SORROW AT THE STOWE HOUSE.

Thousands View the Remains of the Late Count of Paris.

LONDON, Sept. 10.—A number of persons visited the Stowe house yesterday to take a last look at the body of the Comte de Paris, the head of the royal house of France, who died Saturday morning. It became generally known that the public would be admitted to the house and had the effect of drawing many persons through curiosity, as St. Cloud house had not before, for many years, been open to the public. Numerous vehicles of all sorts and conditions carried visitors, while hundreds walked to the house up the long avenues. All were perfectly orderly and showed genuine sympathy with the afflicted family.

The body was lying upon the bed on which the count had died. In the hands, which were crossed upon the breast, was a large crucifix. At the foot of the bed was a tri-colored flag, partly furled. A priest and several members of the family watched over the remains.

ONE KILLED AND SEVERAL INJURED.

PASSENGER TRAIN WRECKED BY A FREIGHT BEING BLOWN OUT ON THE TRACK.

EVENING BULLETIN.

DAILY, EXCEPT SUNDAY.
ROSSER & McCARTHY,
Proprietors.

DELIVERED BY CARRIER:
Per Week 6 cents
MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 10, 1894.

DEMOCRATIC TICKET.

November Election, 1894.

For Congress,
R. K. HART, of Fleming.

For Appellate Judge,
THOMAS H. PAYNTER,
of Greenup.

County Judge,
THOMAS R. PHISTER.

County Clerk,
T. M. PEARCE.

County Attorney,
FRANK P. O'DONNELL.

Sheriff,
J. C. JEFFERSON.

Assessor,
JOHN C. EVERETT.

Surveyor,
W. C. PELHAM.

Coroner,
J. D. ROE.

Jailer,
R. C. KIRK.

Light showers: probably cooler.

The editor of the Public Ledger is blowing about the result of the election in Vermont last week. The Democrats made no effort to carry the State. The Ledger is hard up for something to crow over.

In the announcement of Mr. Wm. Rosser as a candidate for Constable, in Saturday's issue, the district and wards were a little mixed up. He is a candidate in the First district, composed of the First, Second and Third wards, and enters the race subject to the action of the Democratic party.

The Albany Evening Journal is a Republican party organ. It has a scare lead to this effect: "A warning note from Depew. New York Republicans may lose through over-confidence. Democrats likely to unite. Sober advice from over the seas." From which we infer that all is not happiness in New York Republican ranks.

LAWRENCE and Delano, the political wool raisers of Ohio, have been holding a convention of the wool growers in Columbus, to denounce free wool, yet the New York Economist, only a few days ago, says: "In the face of the enactment of this dread tariff, the fleece of the poor American sheep has been eagerly competed for at an advance of 10 per cent. on recent prices." The Economist is the leading journal of its class in the country.

The Republican party wants the votes of the working class, the sinews of the country; but its acts have generally been in direct opposition to all the interests of that class. For instance, it wants to put a tax on most everything they eat and wear for the benefit of the manufacturer and mill-owner, and it fought to the bitter end the law imposing a tax on the enormous incomes of the rich. It has always shown itself to be the rich man's friend and the poor man's enemy.

The Democratic party enters upon its contest with Republicans, and every other temporary issue which may present itself, with courage and confidence. While we have done all we hoped to do, we have done more in the past year to redress the wrongs of the people; we have done more for their relief than was ever done by any party in the same length of time in any country under the sun. These are bold words, yet I hold myself at all times ready to defend them.

"Coming into power at a time of panic, when business was at a standstill, when labor was unemployed, when our Treasury was empty, with courage and fidelity we entered on a struggle with the enemies of the people; we emerged from that struggle victorious in this:

"We have repealed the McKinley law.

"We have greatly reduced taxation.

"We have made living cheaper.

"We have made all money taxable.

"We have taxed surplus incomes.

"We have restored freedom of elections.

"We have reduced public expenditures, and we have declared undying hostility to all trusts and monopolies, organized for the oppression of the people.

"On these foundations we 'build our house,' on these issues go before the people.—Speaker Crisp.

PULLMAN AND HIS PROFITS.

The Pittsburgh Post, in a caustic editorial on the Pullman strike and the incidents and circumstances connected with it, says:

The testimony of George M. Pullman throws a flood of light on the operations of the Pullman Company. The company's capital stock has been increased from \$1,000,000 to \$36,000,000, and its dividends from the start have never been less than 8 per cent., and in some years were as high as 9 and 12 per cent. This represents the business for the past twenty-seven years. In that time a surplus

had also been accumulated, besides paying these large yearly dividends, of \$25,000. These surplus earnings were devoted to the Pullman land association, which takes in the town of Pullman. So it will be seen the whole concern is substantially one parent corporation, with branches all pouring their golden stream into one fountain.

Pullman admitted that his company in these hard times has been making profits at the rate of \$2,800,000 a year, without counting the surplus, which must amount to another million a year at the least. Yet he found it necessary to reduce wages to the starvation point, and refused arbitration because he knew the facts to be so and so. Of course he was afraid of the exposures of arbitration. He never reduced the prices of berths or meals, or the whisky he sells on his cars, or let up on the disgraceful tipping system by which the colored porters are enabled to extract their wages from the pockets of those who pay a fixed sum for his car privileges. While Pullman was grinding the last penny he could get from the public, actually making more money than ever because of the hard times, he remorselessly cut wages, but still exacted exorbitant rents and water and gas charges from his men. He made everything in his town, from the church to the saloon, pay a dividend to the Pullman company.

It seems to us that Pullman stands out as the most magnificent specimen of the great American hog that the world has ever seen. Pity a blacksnake whip could not be in every honest hand to lash his porkship naked across the continent.

THE INQUITOUS BOUNTY SYSTEM.

The records of the Treasury Department show that during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1894, the payment as bounty on sugar aggregated \$12,000,899, of which amount \$11,114,290 was on cane sugar, \$852,174 on beet sugar, \$17,312 on sorghum and \$116,121 on maple.

Of the bounty on cane sugar \$10,868,896 was paid to producers in the State of Louisiana, \$223,166 to those in Texas, \$22,123 in Florida, and \$155 in Mississippi.

The records also show that the \$11,14,290 bounty on cane sugar was paid to 578 producers, which makes an average of \$19,195.60 to each producer.

The amount paid as bounty on beet sugar was divided among seven producers or factories, making the average payment to each \$121,739.

The figures on acreage for the year ended June 30, 1894, are not yet all in, but those for the preceding year show that in the State of Louisiana the bounty averaged \$17.52 for each acre of cane produced, in Texas \$37.60 per acre and in Florida \$58.23 per acre. It is believed that the average bounty per acre of cane produced in Louisiana for the year ended June 30, 1894, will be about \$53.

If the McKinley-Republican sugar bounty isn't class legislation of the most vicious and unjust character, where would one find class legislation? Here are a few men in one or two States drawing snuff fortunes yearly out of the U. S. treasury, and all a gift from the Government.

The producers of sugar are raising a terrible howl because the Democrats repealed the McKinley bounty. The seven producers of beet sugar and three or four hundred producers of cane sugar want the rest of the people of the country—millions in number—to continue giving them fortunes each year. Some of the alleged Democrats down in Louisiana even threaten to go over to the g. o. p. because the Democratic party refuses to continue to make pets of the sugar raisers. Democracy can well afford to let all such go.

Never has there been legislation more unjust and more vicious and demoralizing than the McKinley sugar bounty system which the Republicans attempted to fasten on the country.

PERSONAL.

—Mr. E. R. Blaine, of New York, is in town.

—Miss Bertie Wallace, of Bourbon, is visiting in this county.

—Miss Mayme Wheeler left yesterday on a visit to Cincinnati.

—Miss Nannie Wood is visiting Mrs. George Bruce, of Covington.

—Mr. J. H. Richardson spent Sunday in Covington and Cincinnati.

—Miss Huron, of Aberdeen, is visiting the family of Mr. Ed. Huron.

—Mrs. Robert Adair, of Paris, arrived Saturday on a visit to relatives.

—Miss Jessie Peed is at home after an extended visit in Central Kentucky.

—Mrs. Ernie White visited Mrs. A. Burgle, of Covington, the past week.

—Miss Ida McCrea, of Newport, has returned home after a visit in this county.

—Miss Lillie Britton has returned home after three weeks visit at Cincinnati.

—Miss Mattie Oldham visited Mr. and Mrs. H. R. Carroll, of Manchester, last week.

—Miss Lilly Riggs, of Aberdeen, is the guest of Miss Belle Smith of West Third street.

—Miss Katie Miller will make her home at Cincinnati hereafter. She left Friday.

—Mr. and Mrs. A. C. Sphar have returned from a visit at Fern Bank, near Cincinnati.

—Miss Kate E. Ryan has returned to



The Old Friend

And the best friend that never fails you is Simmons Liver Regulator, (the Red Z)—that's what you hear at the mention of this excellent Liver medicine, and people should not be persuaded that anything else will do.

It is the King of Liver Medicines; is better than pills, and takes the place of Quinine and Calomei. It acts directly on the Liver, Kidney and Bowels and gives new life to the whole system. This is the medicine you want. Sold by all Druggists in Liquid, or in Powder to be taken dry or made into a tea.

EVERY PACKAGE
Has the Z Stamp in red on wrapper
J. H. ZEILIN & CO., Philadelphia, Pa.

Nashville, after spending the summer here with relatives.

—Miss Mollie Daly, of West Second street, spent a few days last week with relatives in Washington.

—Mrs. Henry Green, of Louisville, is the guest of the family of Mr. M. R. Gilmore, of Limestone street.

—Miss Bessie Rudy returned home Saturday after a visit of several weeks with relatives in Bellevue and Covington.

—Mr. Charles Daly will leave to-day for Richmond, Ky., to resume his studies at Central University. May success attend him.

—Miss Nellie Chapin returned to Indianapolis this morning to begin her fourth year of work as teacher in St. Mary's Hall.

—Mr. Ewing Blaine and sister, after a delightful visit of some weeks with Mr. and Mrs. W. R. Gill, left for their home at Avondale, Cincinnati, Friday evening.

—Mr. Henry McClanahan and his niece, Miss Maggie Winters, arrived home Saturday afternoon from a two weeks' trip to New York and other points in the East.

—Mrs. Charles Jennings, of Chicago, and Miss Garrigan, of Cincinnati, left for their homes yesterday afternoon after a visit to the families of Mr. Joshua Burgess and Mr. James Fitzgerald, of this city.

—Mrs. Henry M. Smith and her two interesting and accomplished daughters, of New Orleans, will arrive in Kentucky in a few days and be the guests of their relative, Miss Mary W. Marshall.

—Mr. and Mrs. James H. Hall, with their daughter, Miss Suzanne, and sons, Thomas J. and James H., Jr., left last night on the C. and O. for Staunton, Va., where they will place them in school—Miss Suzanne at Augusta Female Seminary and Thomas and James at Staunton Military Institute.

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SEPTEMBER

Recalls us to the fact that we are on the threshold of another season. It is none too early for us to mention the leading Dress Goods for the Fall, and to offer a beautiful assortment of the same upon our counters.

Covert Cloths

In all leading shades, including the fashionable Corn Flower Blue. This fabric promises to be one of the most popular materials of the season. We offer it in quality and price to suit all tastes and purses, cost ranging from 50 cents to \$1 per yard.

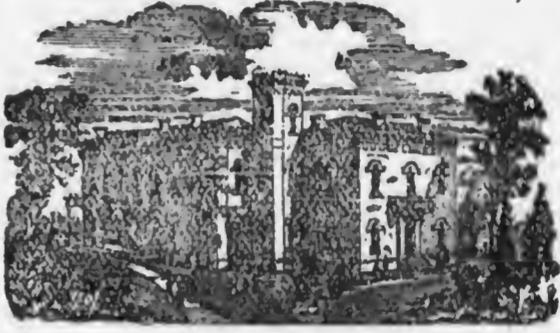
Novelty Dress Goods

In Silk and Wool mixtures. Hundreds of weaves march out under this banner. Dainty Silk and Wool fabrics join hands in some of the loveliest combinations ever shown. A look through this assortment will fully repay any one for the trouble, and a pleasant surprise awaits the ladies in the handsome goods offered for 50 cents a yard.

We mean business this year, and plenty of it. We have swung our war club of determination, and this season will mark our greatest effort to please our patrons and reap more glory.

D. HUNT & SON.

Madison Female Institute!



Boarding and day School for young Ladies. Thirty-sixth year opens in September, 1891. Located in the beautiful grounds, building commodious, hot and cold bath, and closets; recreation rooms are above ground—large, well ventilated. Grounds consisting of fourteen acres, affording ample space for tennis courts and other outdoor amusements; commanding location on a hill overlooking the city, within a minute's walk of the business portion.

In September, 1891, this school opens under the management of Mrs. A. R. Bourne and Miss Alice Lloyd, Associate Principals, late of Hamilton College, Lexington, Ky. They will be supported by an able corps of teachers. The school will be limited to thirty boarders, thus an opportunity for social life will be afforded, impossible in large boarding schools. For catalogue and other information address

MRS. A. R. BOURNE,
MISS ALICE LLOYD,
Associate Principals, M. F. I., Richmond, Ky.

LEXINGTON, KY., May 20, 1894
To Whom It May Concern: Having learned that I am well acquainted with the character and the work of Mrs. A. R. Bourne and Miss Alice Lloyd and that I think the Madison Female Institute very fortunate in securing their services in its management. They are both ladies of culture, executive ability and skill in the art of teaching. No parents in Kentucky or elsewhere need hesitate to put their daughters under their care and instruction.

J. W. McGARVEY.

LEXINGTON, KY., June 15, 1891
To Whom It May Concern: Having learned that my friends, Mrs. Anna R. Bourne and Miss Alice Lloyd, have engaged to take charge of Madison Female Institute, it gives me pleasure to say that they are in my opinion in every way qualified for the responsible position. These ladies have had fine opportunities of learning the best methods of teaching in some of the most celebrated seminaries in the land. This, combined with rare ability and some ten or twelve years' experience in the school room, makes them successful in their undertaking.

Miss Bourne and Miss Lloyd as Associate Principals, will be aided by a corps of able teachers; and from my knowledge of their ability, energy and Christian culture, I am sure they will do good service in the cause of Christian education. In this expectation I commend them and their enterprise to the patronage of the public.

ROBERT GRAHAM, President College of the Bible.



McClanahan & Shea,
—DEALERS IN—
STOVES,
RANGES,
MANTELS, GRATES, TINWARE, TIN-ROOFING,
GUTTERING AND SPOUTING.

Job Work of All Kinds
Executed in the Best Manner.



HERMANN LANGE
JEWELER
CINCINNATI, O.

181 VINE ST.

ENCOURAGED

By my unprecedented sales during the last season, and being determined to still further increase them, I have closed contracts for an immense stock of

If You Want to Fit the Children With the Best School Shoes For the Least Money, Go to BARKLEY'S.

PROVED FATAL.

Mr. Frank Eason's Accident Necessary Amputation of the Leg, and Death Follows.

A week ago to-day the BULLETIN published an account of the accident to Mr. Frank Eason on the Saturday previous.

While fixing a lock on a stand or table at Mr. Henry Ort's furniture store, the knife he was using slipped and the point penetrated the right femoral artery. No one else was in the building at the time, but he was discovered shortly afterwards by a customer, and prompt assistance saved him from bleeding to death.

A few days later ligation of the artery was found necessary, and this was successfully accomplished by his physicians.

What they feared, however, resulted. Blood poisoning set in and his leg was amputated Sunday morning in hopes of saving his life.

The operation was performed by Dr. Owens, assisted by Drs. Reed, Browning and Heflin. The patient had been greatly weakened by the loss of blood at the time the accident occurred, and was unable to rally from the operation. His death occurred shortly before noon Sunday.

Deceased was a son of the late Dr. John Eason, of Campbellsville, Ky., and was about thirty-six years of age. He was a man of quiet and industrious habits and enjoyed the respect and esteem of his friends and acquaintances. His wife, who was a Miss Bolinger, survives him.

The funeral will occur to-morrow at 3:30 o'clock at the residence on East Fifth street. The services will be conducted by Rev. T. W. Watts, of the M. E. Church, South.

Gone Wrong.

Tom Cushman disappeared from Cincinnati a few weeks ago, deserting his wife and children. He is a son of Mr. Hart B. Cushman, of Flemingsburg, and had been Floor Manager of the Farmers and Shippers Tobacco Warehouse for two or three years at a lucrative salary. The Enquirer says he had wandered from the straight and narrow path, had forgotten his marital vows, and had been losing money on horse races. His father, hearing of this, wrote him, chiding him for his wayward conduct, and closed with the statement that he intended coming down to have a talk and straighten out matters.

On the day that the old gentleman reached Cincinnati his son drew \$2,500 at the warehouse, to which he was entitled, and left town. The elder Cushman found simply a farewell letter from his boy. It stated that the writer could not look his father in the face in the light of what had occurred. It also stated that he was going away never to return. He begged his father to say good-bye to his wife and babies, whom he was giving up forever.

The Enquirer says that all efforts to locate young Cushman have been futile, although it is known he is somewhere in the East. His accounts at the warehouse are all O. K.

The Last Excursion of the Season.

The best time of the year for visiting the seashore is in September; better climate, better fishing, better bathing.

The last excursion of the season over the picturesqueness C. and O. to Old Point Comfort and Fortress Monroe will leave Cincinnati September 12th at 7 p. m., reaching Old Point Comfort 6 p. m. next day. Round trip from Maysville \$12.50, good to return within fifteen days. Special train will be composed of Pullman palace sleepers, elegant day coaches with high backed seats and the famous F. F. V. dining car. The excursion will be conducted under the auspices of the Cincinnati Commercial Gazette; a guarantee that only the best people will be met with on the trip. Sleeping car reservations should be made at once. Address Counting Rooms, Commercial Gazette, Cincinnati, O., or C. B. Ryan, A. G. P. A., C. and O. Railway, Cincinnati.

Real Estate Transfers.

Frank S. Owens and wife to Albert N. Huff, a lot on Second street, Sixth ward; consideration, \$300.

Viola V. Stiles and husband to Virginia Sullivan, 146-100 acres of land near Sardinia; consideration, \$450.

John P. Campbell to W. H. Hord, 37 acres, 1 rood and 17 poles on Stone Lick Creek; consideration, \$970.

Ellen Rebecca Taylor and husband to Wm. H. Hord, 50 acres of land; consideration, \$1,000.

The Modern Mother.

Has found that her little ones are improved more by the pleasant laxative, Syrup of Figs, when in need of the laxative effect of a gentle remedy, than by any other, and that it is more acceptable to them. Children enjoy it and it benefits them. The true remedy, Syrup of Figs, is manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. only.

Pure, Fresh Spices.

Cheap, at Chenoweth's drug store.

TORNADO policies—W. R. Warden, agt.

SEE P. S. KEMPER—fire, life and tornado insurance.

BORN, to the wife of Mr. John D. Tash of Chicago, a fine son.

THE Democrats of Poplar Plains have organized a Hart Club.

THE Manchester Signal is now using steam to run its presses.

CABINETS \$1.50 per dozen at Parker's gallery until September 10.

EDWARD THOMAS, of Washington, has been granted a re-issue of pension.

THE C. and O. No. 3 was twenty-five minutes late yesterday afternoon.

DR. PRESTON, formerly of Ripley, claims to have discovered a sure cure for consumption.

THE C. and O. has adopted a system of blocking East and West. Heretofore they only blocked one way.

MR. IRVIN LEE, of Peoria, Ill., is here on a visit to Mr. E. Stanley Lee. He left Maysville thirty-eight years ago.

EVENING BULLETIN only \$3.00 a year; WEEKLY BULLETIN \$1.50 a year. Are you a subscriber? If not send for a copy.

REPUBLICANS of the Sixth Kentucky district have nominated Mr. T. B. Mathews, of Boone County, for Congress.

MR. AND MRS. W. D. SPALDING, of Covington, celebrated the thirtieth anniversary of their wedding Friday evening.

MR. AND MRS. P. G. TRIPPLETT's little son Gordon fell off a box in the Fifth Ward Friday and broke one of his legs.

THE picnic given by the Young Men's Club of Washington, at that place Saturday, was a success, financially and otherwise.

MRS. FRANK ARMSTRONG has received her stock of fall millinery and invites her friends and the public generally to call and see the latest styles.

THE Enquirer says: "Marine history repeats itself. It is just sixty-four years ago since the first Cincinnati and Maysville packet was plowing the placid waters of the Ohio, and her name was Fair Play; but Captain Eddie Williamson was not in it by about twenty-five years."

LOW PRICES that are unprecedented. This can be truly said of the low prices at which I have marked my mammoth stock of ladies' and gentlemen's gold and silver watches. Murphy, the jeweler, is and has always been the leader of low prices, without sacrificing quality. Successor to Hopper & Murphy.

THE Augusta Reporter has suspended publication until such a time as a new outfit can be procured. Last Saturday the plant was sold at Sheriff's sale to satisfy an execution in favor of George Jett, who at one time ran the paper. Mr. Crumbaugh announces his intention of resuming publication not later than November 1st, with an entire new outfit.

THE APPENDICITIS HABIT.

Sound a Note of Warning Against the Growth of a Dangerous Notion.

"Somebody in authority," said a woman one day last week, "will have to interfere with this growing notion that an operation for the removal of the vermiform appendix is desirable in all cases. I was much shocked not long ago to find that my son, a young man of 22, had joined with three of his friends in an agreement to undergo the operation. The other three young fellows actually did submit to it, although not one had ever had any symptoms of appendicitis, nor any member of his family ever so suffered."

"Of course, when my boy's turn came, he had to let us know, and his father and I interfered to some purpose. All the young men got through safely, though it was serious for each and in one case proved a dangerous shock."

Physicians recognize what is known as the "appendicitis habit"—that is, some persons have slight attacks after eating, the effect soon passing away, however. Such persons are liable constantly to the danger that these slight attacks will take on a more serious form, making the surgeon's knife a necessity, and it is probably safer that these persons should submit to an operation for the removal of the cause of the trouble while free from inflammation and pain. It will be wise for persons not so disposed to weigh the matter well under most conservative opinion before acting.

—New York Times.

Guaranteed Cure.

We authorize our advertised druggist to sell Dr. King's New Discovery for consumption, coughs and colds, upon this condition. If you are afflicted with a cough, cold or any lung, throat or chest trouble, and will use this remedy as directed, giving it a fair trial, and experience no benefit, you may return the bottle and have your money refunded. We could not make this offer did we not know that Dr. King's New Discovery could be relied on. It never disappoints. Trial bottles free at J. J. Wood's drug store. Large size 50c. and \$1.

'STANTON'S MONUMENT.'

THE Dome of the National Capitol So Called in Honor of a Maysville Man.

It is not generally known that the dome of the National Capitol is called "Stanton's Monument," yet such is a fact, and this name was given it in honor of the late Judge Richard H. Stanton, of this city.

While representing this district in Congress he was Chairman of the Committee on Public Buildings and Grounds, and did much to adorn and beautify the city of Washington. He introduced the first bill for the erection of the dome of the Capitol, and asked an initial appropriation of \$50,000, which was laughed at as a monstrous extravagance, and it was only through the most strenuous effort that it was passed. At the succeeding session he asked and obtained with like difficulty another appropriation of \$100,000, and at the next term \$500,000. The entire cost of the dome when completed exceeded \$1,000,000, exclusive of the allegorical fresco on the ceiling of the dome, which alone cost \$10,000.

Judge Stanton was also instrumental in giving the name of Washington to one of the States of the Union. When the question of establishing the Territory of Columbia was before Congress, he moved to strike out the word Columbia and insert Washington, and to the adoption of this motion is due the name of the present State.

The Patriotic Contumelion Club of Walla Walla, Washington, organized last February, will hold appropriate services at an early date in memory of Judge Stanton, commemorative of the part he took in giving their State its present name.

FRESH SPICES AND VINEGAR—Calhoun's.

CITY ASSESSOR C. D. SHEPARD, who has been ill with fever a week or so, was much better last evening and is improving.

WHEN your watch needs repairing, take it to Ballenger, the jeweler. He has every facility for such work, and guarantees a satisfactory job in every case.

COLLECTOR C. H. ROPES, of the Eighth Kentucky Internal Revenue district, reports collections for the month of August amounting to \$891,882.60.

THE Portsmouth Tribune says Charles Hall, a Maysville youth, got drunk and raised a disturbance on a street car at that place and had to pay \$4.80 for his fun.

THE Dana's new towboat Andrews was given a trial trip Saturday at Cincinnati, and her steam steering apparatus works to perfection. She is the costliest towboat ever owned by Cincinnati parties.

MESSRS. CLINE & THOMPSON have purchased Mr. George Clinger's meat store on Market street. Mr. Kline comes from Dover, his partner being Mr. R. P. Thompson, of the Sixth ward. They are worthy men, and will no doubt receive a liberal share of the public patronage.

REV. D. P. HOLT, pastor of the Third street M. E. Church, left this morning for Louisville to attend the Kentucky Conference. Faithful and zealous in his ministry, he has won the hearts of his people. His work here has been very successful, and he will, no doubt, be returned, as that is the general desire of his congregation.

A MAN appeared on the street at Flemingsburg Friday, and created a sensation by declaring that a mob was in pursuit of him for some terrible crime he had committed. He asked protection of the officials and was taken into custody. It was soon learned that he was lunatic. He could give no account of himself, and it is not known whence he came. He was tried for lunacy in the County Court and taken to the asylum.

LETTER-CARRIER William Davis and Substitute carrier Charles Davis have received notice that charges have been preferred against them and their removal recommended. The most serious charge against the former is that he opened the postmaster's private mail. He denies the charges. The charges against the latter are that he is untidy, rough and noisy, and that his mind is given to base ball instead of matters connected with his business.

Specimen Cases.

S. H. Clifford, New Cassel, Wis., was troubled with neuralgia and rheumatism, his stomach was disordered, his liver was affected to an alarming degree, appetite fell away, and he was terribly reduced in flesh and strength. Three bottles of Electric Bitters cured him.

Edward Shepherd, Harrisburg, Ill., had a running sore on his leg of eight years' standing. Used three bottles of Electric Bitters and seven boxes of Bucklen's Arnica Salve, and his leg is sound and well. John Speaker, Catawba, O., had five fever sores on his leg, doctors said he was incurable. One bottle of Electric Bitters and one box Bucklen's Arnica Salve cured him entirely. Sold by J. James Wood.

NEW

DRESS GOODS!

Our first invoice of FALL DRESS

GOODS is now in stock. It em-

braces some entirely new things in

Covert Cloths, Serges and Novel-

ties; also a full line of Black Wool

and Silk and Wool Dress Goods

for early Fall.

Fifty Pieces Satteen, in New Dark Styles, at 8½ Cents,

Usual Price 12½ Cents.

Browning & Co.,
51 WEST SECOND ST.

BASE BALL GOSSIP.

LEXINGTON WINS the Blue Grass Cham-pionship—Ashland Gets a Ter-rible Fall.

The Maysville team went to Paris this morning for two games with the Bourbon team.

Lexington disbanded Saturday and Maysville will get Knorr, Schabel and Berte for the rest of the month.

The Ashlands were given a terrible fall last Friday when the Ironton Victors downed them by a score of 10 to 6. Maysville almost shut out the Victors in two games not long ago.

Enquirer: "The Reds will make a two weeks' trip through Indiana, Ohio and Kentucky, in October, and club managers desiring to secure them for dates will do well to address F. C. Bancroft, care Pop Hawley's."

Last week's contest between Lexington and Paris for the Blue Grass championship ended Saturday in a victory for the Lexington team. Six games were played. The first was 7 to 7, the next 4 to 2 in favor of Lexington, the third 7 to 6 in favor of Paris, the fourth 8 to 5 in favor of Lexington, the fifth 10 to 0 in favor of Paris, and the final game stood 12 to 4 in favor of Lexington.

FOR SALE.

NOTICE—Mr. A. N. Sapp respectfully invites the public to call and examine his stock of staple and fancy groceries, No. 457 West Second street.

FOR SALE—Two small farms, one of 42 acres and the other 27 acres, on Jersey Ridge, two miles from Maysville. Nice location for dairy or for gardening. Call on or address JOSÉPH A. RICHARDSON or N. H. RICHARDSON.

FOR SALE—Two good Milch Cows. Apply to CHAS. E. McARTHUR, at L and N, depot, if possible.

FOR SALE—Good range "Grazed Active"; also a square piano. Apply at this office.

ANNOUNCEMENT.

WE are authorized to announce J. DAVID DYE as the Republican candidate for Assessor.

WE are authorized to announce JOHN T. BRAZEL as a candidate for Justice of the Peace in District No. 1, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

WE are authorized to announce GEORGE TAYLOR as a candidate for Justice of the Peace in Magisterial District No. 5, at the November election, 1891.

WE are authorized to announce J. J. TERRINE as a candidate for Justice of the Peace in the Third Magisterial district at the November election, 1891.

WE are authorized to announce GEORGE S. HANCOCK as a candidate for Justice of the Peace in the Third Magisterial district, subject to the will of the people, November election, 1891.

WE are authorized to announce POWELL B. OWENS as a candidate for Justice of the Peace in Magisterial district No. 4, subject to the will of the people at the polls.

WE are authorized to announce WILLIAM L. MORAN as a candidate for Justice of the Peace in the Third Magisterial district, subject to the will of the people, November election, 1891.

WE are authorized to announce M. D. FARROW as a candidate for Justice in the eighth Magisterial district, subject to the will of the Democratic party.

WE are authorized to announce JOHN L. GRANT as a candidate for Justice of the Peace in the second Magisterial district, subject to the will of the people, November election, 1891.

FOR CONSTABLE.

WE are authorized to announce WILLIAM R. ROSE as a candidate for Constable in Magisterial district No. 1, subject to the will of the people of this city, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

WE are authorized to announce CHARLES WALLINGFORD as a candidate for Constable in Magisterial district No. 4, November election, 1891.

WE are authorized to announce SAMUEL A. NOVAK as a candidate for Constable in Dover precinct at the November election, 1891, subject to the will of the people.

WE are authorized to announce J. B. McNUTT as a candidate for re-election

COLLISION IN A TUNNEL
One Freight Train Dashes Into Another
With Disastrous Results.

NORTH ADAMS, Mass., Sept. 10.—The most horrible railroad disaster known in this vicinity took place on the Fitchburg road Saturday night in the Hoosac tunnel, a short distance east of the Central shaft. The accident was caused by a rear-end collision between eastbound freight trains, and as near as can be ascertained happened about 10:30 o'clock.

A freight train had stopped to repair an engine, which had broken down, and at about the same time a westbound express train passed through the tunnel, filling it with smoke. A second eastbound freight train was allowed to enter the tunnel contrary to the rules of the road and the engineer being unable, on account of the dense smoke left by the passenger train, to distinguish the lights from the train, went into it with a crash. A horrible disaster was the result, both trains being badly wrecked. The tunnel was blockaded and two men killed outright and three were seriously injured.

The killed are:
William Turpening, brakeman, of Syracuse, N. Y.
George Mimnick, brakeman, of Fitchburg.

The injured are:
Walter Class, engineer, of Rotterdam, N. Y., injured about the pelvis and chest.

Charles Frazer, fireman, of Rotterdam, N. Y., skull fractured and scalp badly wounded, injuries about the hips and back and both hands severely burned.

H. B. Bartlett, brakeman, of Pittsburg; right arm cut, spine injured and badly crushed.

Operator Hodkin, who was in charge of the signal lights at the east portal, is confined in the police station on the charge of criminal carelessness preferred against him. W. Hodgkins, the west portal operator, has also been placed under arrest. He claims he received the O. K. from the east end operator, and consequently changed his signal. The authorities intend to make a thorough investigation.

RAILROAD ACCIDENT IN FRANCE.
Ten Persons Killed and Twenty Others Injured.

BRUSSELS, Sept. 10.—Ten persons were killed and 20 injured by the wreck of the Paris and Cologne express train yesterday. The accident happened at Apilly, and was caused by a collision of the express train with a freight train, which was being shunted. The engineer saw the danger ahead and reversed his engine. This had the effect of reducing the speed and rendering the accident less severe than it would otherwise have been. As it was, the wreck was a very disastrous one.

A passenger on the train who escaped with slight injuries says that the shock of the collision was tremendous and that the forward cars were reduced almost to atoms. The bodies of the victims were badly mutilated, in some cases the head being severed from the trunk.

It is reported that the stationmaster at Apilly, on seeing that a collision was inevitable, jumped in front of the express train and was killed. The list of dead and injured does not include any Americans.

Apilly, where the accident occurred, is in France. It is situated between Noyen, in the department of Oise and Chauny, in the department of Aisne.

Took Too Much Morphine.

CHEYENNE, Wyo., Sept. 10.—A guest at the Intercean hotel, registered as George R. Maxwell of Mexico, died from an overdose of morphine. Whether or not the drug was taken with suicidal intent is not known. From papers found in his satchel it is believed he was a civil engineer. There was an envelope postmarked Washington, and addressed George R. Maxwell, 143 East Eighteenth street, New York. On the bottom of the valise was a comparatively fresh customhouse label from the customhouse at Suspension Bridge, N. Y. He wore a Knight Templar button and on his finger was a Masonic ring.

No Cholera.

NEW YORK, Sept. 10.—Health Officer Jenkins sent Dr. B. H. Buxton, the expert bacteriologist of the New York quarantine, to Cumberland, Md., to investigate the supposed case of cholera in the person of John Peter Walther, who was reported to have arrived at this port from Bremen on the steamer Elbe Sept. 3, and who died at Cumberland on the 5th. The body was disinterred in the presence of Dr. Gedding of the marine hospital service and Dr. Jenkins' representative. No trace of cholera was to be found.

Seven Days Without Food or Water.

BALTIMORE, Sept. 10.—Captain Moore of steamer Sedgewick reports Sept. 4, at 8:30 a. m., latitude 46.11 longitude 47.53 west, picked up two men in a dory belonging to fishing vessel L. H. B., of St. Malo, France. They had become lost from their vessel during a fog and had been drifting seven days without food and water. They were exhausted when rescued and had to be lifted aboard. Their names are Jean Marie Brotte, aged 33, and Alain Marie Arne Francois, aged 37.

Uprising of Natives.

ZANZIBAR, Sept. 10.—Advices have reached here from Kilwa, a German port on the island of that name, off the east coast of Africa, showing that tribesmen attacked the place while the troops of the garrison were absent on a punitive expedition. The telegraph has since been cut and no further news has been received. It is reported that the town of Lini is also threatened by the natives. Two German warships have been despatched to Kilwa.

Secret Vigilance Committee Organized.
OMAHA, Sept. 10.—Notices have been received by the majority of the ranchers of the sand hills in the vicinity of Perry county, Neb., from a secret vigilance committee, looking to measures to prevent crime in that part of the state. This is the result of three recent murders in the hills and no arrests. It is understood that suspicious characters are to be forced to leave the sand hills.

THE LINEN DUSTER'S DAY DONE.

The Passing of a Fright and the Coming of Pretty Dust Cloaks.

The linen duster of 30 years ago has entirely disappeared. It was a strictly utilitarian garment, suggesting overalls, ingeniously constructed so as to not only cover and protect the gown, but conceal every good point of the wearer, emphasizing the bad ones if there were any. A more unbecoming article of apparel could not be de-



GRAY CLOTH DUST CLOAK.

vised, and how women ever persuaded themselves to appear in such attire is a marvel. But we have changed all that. The linen duster is obsolete, and in its place we have dust cloaks made of surah, gloria silk or thin worsted goods, fashionably cut, carefully made, becomingly trimmed and well fitting. Buttons, stitching, braid, passementerie and guipure may be used as a garniture, although all heavy trimming should be avoided, as these dust cloaks are strictly not weather garments, and lightness is a desideratum. They not only protect the dress from dust and cinders, but as the costume is completely covered it is possible to wear on hot days the thinest sort of muslin gown under the cloak without the fact being apparent.

There is an unwritten law, which no well bred woman ever infringes, against wearing in the street a bodice thin enough to allow the arms and neck to appear through the stuff, but a loose coat of thin silk conceals the diaphanous gown and adds little to the warmth of the wearer. These cloaks are becomingly made, with a snugly fitting back and straight front confined by a loose girdle, or they may have a guipure covered yoke and a full front. The sleeves are usually loose and often made in bishop fashion. As to material, surahs and thin cloths are used in all the dullest shades.

A sketch is given of a dust cloak in thin silver gray cloth trimmed with silver buttons.

It is close fitting in the back, while the front hangs straight from the shoulders. The large revers, extending below the waist and sharply hollowed out at the top, are fastened back by buttons. The pockets, placed high on the hips, are also adorned with buttons, as are the close cuffs of the bouffant sleeves. The plain standing collar is surrounded by a flaring ornamental collar lined with silk. The black straw hat which accompanies the cloak is trimmed with black ostrich tips.

BRUSH WITH A MAD BULL

Before He Was Conquered the Beast Turned a Chicago Suburb Upside Down.

A mad bull was killed in Evanston on election day after a fight which lasted three hours. The animal died game. It took five Chicago and four Evanston policemen, two patrol wagons, a yelping drove of dogs and a large number of excited citizens of Evanston, armed with clubs and stones, to bring him to earth, and then not until over 50 shots had been fired into him.

The bull belonged to Frank Everts of Rosehill, and after breaking out of the barn made his way to Rogers Park. Here he sighted the crowd at the polling place, and his disposition immediately showed itself. He lowered his head and started at the crowd on the run. It is said that Officer Michael Smith, who was present, thought he was going to steal the ballot box and jumped in front of him, at the same time making good use of his arms and lungs. The officer was knocked down, and the people scattered in all directions.

The animal then made his way toward South Evanston, terrifying the people along the road by his warlike demonstrations. The police at Summerville were notified, and a patrol wagon and three men were dispatched to the scene. At Rogers Park a re-enforcement of two officers was received and the trail taken up.

The Evanston police were notified, and Officers Housel and Johnson, armed with guns heavily loaded with buckshot, attempted to head off the beast. Officer Johnson poured both barrels into him at close range, and he shied off the road and ran around P. R. Shumway's residence on Davis street and was entrapped in a fence corner. Johnson approached, and the bull lowered his head and came after him full tilt. Johnson gave him both barrels, but was caught on his horns and tossed high in the air.

The animal then made his way down to Sheridan drive, but he was bleeding profusely from scores of wounds and was decidedly "groggy." Officer Johnson's last shot had also broken one of his front legs. Officer Smith of the Rogers Park station at this juncture arrived with a rifle, and the bull was killed. He was a large, brown, shaggy beast, weighing fully 1,600 pounds.—Chicago Tribune.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The best salve in the world for cuts, bruises, sores, ulcers, salt rheum, fever sores, totter, chapped hands, chilblains, corns, and all skin eruptions, and positively cures piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale at J. James Wood's.

LAKE STEAMERS COLLIDE.

The Accident Occurs Near Waugoshance Light, in the Straits of Mackinac.

MACKINAW CITY, Mich., Sept. 10.—The big wooden steamer Robert Mills and the Union liner, H. J. Jewett, collided yesterday afternoon near Waugoshance Light, in the Straits of Mackinac. The Mills was seriously injured and was run ashore. The Jewett's steel hull had apparently suffered no injury and she went on her way.

The collision occurred in the thick fog which hung on the lake. The Mills was bound up with a cargo of coal and the Jewett had package freight and grain from Chicago to Buffalo. The Mills passed Mackinaw City at 1:30 o'clock in the afternoon and the Jewett reported here at 6 o'clock, over three hours after the collision. The wrecker Favorite, with steam pump and diver, was ordered to the Mills. The injured boat is owned by Mills & Company of Buffalo and is a large sized wooden steamer.

ENGLISH SEALING SCHOONER CAPTURED.

SEATTLE, Wash., Sept. 10.—The steamer Collier Willamette, from Dutch Harbor, Alaska, brings news that on Aug. 14, the schooner Favorite, flying the English flag, was captured by the Mohican for violating the sealing laws and turned over to her majesty's ship Pheasant, which sent her to Victoria. She had on board between 1,400 and 1,500 skins when captured.

BASE BALL.

Standing of the Different Clubs in the National League.

The following is the standing of the clubs in the National League up to and including Sunday's games:

	Won.	Lost.	Per cent.
Baltimore	77	36	.686
New York	75	40	.652
Boston	74	40	.649
Philadelphia	66	48	.579
Brooklyn	63	52	.548
Cleveland	58	53	.522
Pittsburg	55	58	.487
Chicago	50	65	.434
Cincinnati	50	67	.427
St. Louis	47	70	.401
Washington	40	77	.342
Louisville	33	82	.257

Sunday's Games.

AT ST. LOUIS—
St. Louis.....0 2 0 1 4 0 0 0 x—7 12 2
Brooklyn.....0 0 0 1 0 1 0 0 0 x—6 9 4
Batteries—Breitenstein and Shungart and Miller; Kennedy and Dailey and Shock. Umpire—Hurst.

AT ST. LOUIS—
St. Louis.....5 0 0 1 0 0 0 1 0—8 13 3
Brooklyn.....4 6 0 1 0 0 0 0 x—11 17 0
Batteries—Hawley, Clarkson and Miller; Lund, Kennedy and Kinstrom. Umpire—Hurst.

AT LOUISVILLE—
Louisville.....0 1 0 0 2 1 0 0—4 9 0
Baltimore.....0 1 0 3 0 5 0 0—9 17 1
Batteries—Windsor and Grim; Esper, Hennings and Robinson. Umpire—Keefer.

AT CHICAGO—
Chicago.....1 0 0 0 1 1 1 0 1—5 14 2
Cleveland.....5 1 0 0 3 0 0 0 x—9 13 3
Batteries—McGill and Schriner; Cuppy and Zimmer. Umpire—Jevne.

AT CINCINNATI—
Cincinnati.....0 3 0 0 1 0 0 0 x—4 4 0
Washington.....0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0—6 16 4
Batteries—Wittrock and Merritt; Mercer and McGuire. Umpire—Emslie.

AT CINCINNATI—
Cincinnati.....0 2 5 0 0 x—7 12 3
Washington.....0 0 3 0 0 0—6 8 4
Batteries—Fischer and Murphy and Merritt; Stockdale and McGuire. Umpire—Emslie.

SATURDAY'S GAMES.—Cincinnati 14, Washington 9; Pittsburg 13, Philadelphia 7; Baltimore 6, Louisville 3; Boston 3, Chicago 1; Brooklyn 6, St. Louis 1.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria. When she was a child, she cried for Castoria. When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria. When she had children, she gave them Castoria.

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Cincinnati Tobacco Market.

Furnished by the Cincinnati Leaf Tobacco Warehouse Company:

We have no charge of note to report in our Tobacco market for the past week. The offerings were very large and the rejections on some days more numerous than usual. Low grades may be quoted a fraction easier, while Medium and Good Tobaccos held their own, bringing about the prices ruling for the last two or three weeks, the best goods being the best sellers.

There was considerable old stock on sale, and the bidding on the same was quite animated but of course prices were not often up to the expectations of the holders. The offerings were very large and the rejections on some days more numerous than usual. Low grades may be quoted a fraction easier, while Medium and Good Tobaccos held their own, bringing about the prices ruling for the last two or three weeks, the best goods being the best sellers.

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